

Sequences and Series 1

- Evaluate:
 - $4 + 10 + 16 + \dots + 334$
 - $5\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{3}{4} + \dots + (-3)$
 - $100 + 110 + 121 + \dots + 100(1.1)^{10}$
- In an arithmetic series, $u_9 = 15$ and $u_{10} = 12$. Calculate S_{10} .
- In an arithmetic series, $u_3 = 17$ and $u_7 = 33$. Calculate S_{20} .
- In an arithmetic series, $a = 2$ and $d = 3$.
 - Find the value of n for which $S_n = 610$
 - Find the least value for which $S_n > 1000$
- For each of the following geometric series, prove that S_∞ exists, and find its value.
 - $84 - 42 + 21 - \dots$
 - $1 - \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{81} - \dots$
 - $64 + 16 + 4 + \dots$
- In an infinite geometric series, $u_1 = 60$ and $u_3 = 15$.
Show that there are 2 possible sums to infinity, and calculate them.